

MAILS
From San Francisco:
St. Northern, Mar. 30
For San Francisco:
St. Northern, April 3
From Vancouver:
Niagara, April 18
For Vancouver:
Niagara, Mar. 30.

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MORE NATIONAL GUARDSMEN ARE ORDERED INTO SERVICE

BRITISH CAPTURE RUYAUL-COURT AND CONTINUE ONWARD

Following Heavy Fighting Town Eight Miles East of Bapaume is Taken By Army Under Sir Douglas Haig; Berlin Admits Further Withdrawal

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)
LONDON, Eng., March 30.—Continuing their smashing offensive along the road to Cambrai, Sir Douglas Haig's men yesterday captured the town of Ruyaulcourt, eight miles east of Bapaume, after heavy fighting.

CLAIM REPULSES, ADMIT RETREAT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)
BERLIN, Germany, March 30.—Reports from the front tell of the repulse of four separate attacks made by the Canadian contingent in the Neuville-St. Vaast sector. The war office admits a further withdrawal of German forces along the Peronne-Fins road.

LULL FOLLOWS ON GERMAN RETREAT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)
PARIS, France, March 30.—The heavy fighting on the western front occupied by French troops has temporarily been suspended, following the further withdrawal of the Germans.

SPANISH REVOLT QUICKLY QUELLED

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—In an official dispatch to the state department from Ambassador Riano at Madrid, Spain, the official states that the common sense of the striking workmen and the effectiveness of the measures taken resulted in a restoring to order what looked at first to be a serious outbreak. The revolutionary movement, which resulted in calling a general strike, was responsible for the temporary suspension of constitutional guarantees.

Britain Loses 147 Ships In Three Months

LONDON, England, Mar. 30.—Official figures of Britain's sea losses caused by Teuton submarines and mines show that in January 26 vessels were sunk; February, the first month of the intensified campaign, 66, and March 35, or a total for three months of 147 British ships sent to the bottom. How many neutral toll victims is not known as the governments so far have not made public their casualties, but the loss of sea tonnage is very heavy.

AMSTERDAM REPORTS BRAND WHITLOCK TO BE MADE PRISONER

LONDON, Eng., March 30.—Brand Whitlock, American minister to Belgium, is to be made a prisoner of the Teutonic war machine, if a report which has reached this city from Brussels proves correct. It is asserted that the German authorities in the stricken land had intimated that they will not permit the American minister to remain at his post, but will deport him and his staff in pretty much the same manner they have deported thousands upon thousands of helpless, homeless women and children. That the action is a clear violation of the law of war makes no apparent difference to the men who raped Belgian women as a part of a cold-blooded policy of "vrijheid."

JAPAN RECOGNIZES RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT

(Special Cable to Kinnu Jiji)
TOKIO, Japan, March 30.—Japan has recognized the new government of Russia. Foreign Minister Motomi has instructed Y. Tetsuda, Japanese ambassador to Petrograd, to notify the new government that Russia has been recognized by Japan. Russia was informed of this news yesterday afternoon.

Drunkenness Excuse Saves Slayer's Life

Hana Man Who Burned House Containing Man and His Own Son is Found Guilty of Assault and Battery

(Special by Mutual Wireless)
WAILUKU, Maui, Mar. 30.—John Hu Kaili, accused of murder at Hana, was convicted today of assault and battery after the jury had been out for four and a half hours. His only defense was that he was drunk at the time from drinking 75 cents' worth of wine he had purchased and that he did not know what he was doing at the time the crime was committed. The verdict was a great surprise to every one here.

The crime for which Kaili was tried was committed December 27 last. He was said to have been a road worker and returned to his home between 4 and 5 o'clock on the afternoon of the crime. He found a party of revelers and joined with them. In a test of strength between Kaili and a man named Puhiale neither could force down the other's hand and they lost their tempers. Friends tried to prevent a quarrel but failed. Kaili threw a lighted lamp at his antagonist's head, knocking him senseless. Most of the people ran away but the defendant's brother-in-law extinguished the flames. Kaili struck another light and secured a small rifle and struck the senseless man on the head. He then procured coal oil and ignited the house. Again his brother-in-law interfered and extinguished the flames and finally, believing Kaili was quieted, he left. A short time afterwards the house was seen to be a mass of flames and in a few minutes the senseless man and the 10-year-old son of Kaili who was asleep in the house and whose presence the drunken father had forgotten. He believed he had killed Puhiale and fired the house to hide his crime. The above was the substance of his story told to the police when he was taken to Wailuku early in January.

CUBAN REBELS NOW SURRENDER ARMS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)
HAVANA, Cuba, March 30.—The back of the Cuban revolution seems effectually broken, reports reaching here telling of the surrender of 600 rebel soldiers and civilians, with all their munitions and equipment, computed at 30,000 rounds of rifle cartridges and 30,000 rounds of machine gun ammunition.

NOTED DEMOCRAT WELCOMED HERE

On the arrival of the Hill liner Great Northern this morning from San Francisco the local Democratic central committee, consisting of L. L. McCandless, John H. Wilson and John Effinger, met and welcomed to Honolulu J. T. Barnett, Democratic national committeeman from Colorado, and Mrs. Barnett.

AUSTRIA'S WAR DEBT

(By Associated Press)
VIENNA, Austria.—Everyone of the 13,000,000 German-Austrians within the empire is represented by 1154 kronen (\$21) in the war loans that have been raised by Austria. These loans have amounted to 18,000,000,000 kronen, of which the German subjects have subscribed some 15,000,000,000. The 6,000,000 Czechs have subscribed 1,250,000, while the remaining 13,000,000 inhabitants, including 8,000,000 citizens of Galicia and the Bukovina, have subscribed 1,750,000,000.

NAVY OFFER TO MOVE SHIPS HAD "JOKERS" IN IT

Washington Will Not Let German Vessels Have Pearl Harbor; Anchorage Unsafe

Under no circumstances will the navy department allow the German refugee merchant steamers to be moored in Pearl Harbor at present. Washington and the commandant do not consider the outer anchorage a safe location for the refugee German merchantmen.

With these restrictions the navy is ready to help civil authorities. This is the gist of what Capt. George R. Clark, commandant of the Pearl Harbor naval station, told Governor Lucius E. Pinkham and Chairman Charles K. Forbes of the harbor board at his conference with them Thursday morning in the executive chamber.

The Star-Bulletin learned these facts today from a reliable and authoritative source, although Chairman Forbes this morning refused to say a word when asked for a statement on the situation.

Capt. Clark received instructions on Wednesday from Admiral William S. Benson, chief of naval operations, navy department, Washington, D. C., directing the commandant to assist the civil authorities in moving the refugee merchantmen to a safe place. The message contained, however, the two restrictions mentioned at the top of this news story, which in effect make it impossible for the board of harbor commissioners to move the Pomernan and Setos anywhere but to Rotten Row. This board does not show any inclination to do, nor has it accepted the offer of H. Hackfeld & Company, Ltd., the local agency for the vessels, to put in mooring dolphins there if the board will allow the steamers to lie in the row free of charge.

Waiting for Monday's Developments
After what Capt. Clark told the governor and the harbor board chairman Thursday morning, the board decided to do the only thing left to do—nothing. The situation today is at a standstill and it is said that the vessels will be permitted to remain where they are until after Congress meets on Monday, when the developments then are expected to give the navy department a chance to take over the ships in the name of the United States, provided Congress passes a resolution declaring that a state of war exists and has existed for some time.

Sprint Champion Will Race Auto Saturday At 3

Clyde Gilbert, faster sprinter in Hawaii, sent word to Glenn Jackson of the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon that he would be willing to race against any automobile in the city over a distance of from 70 to 100 yards at Alexander Field on Saturday afternoon.

Clyde Mills, the leading 50-yard man in Hawaii, will also come in from Schofield to try his speed against the automobiles and motorcycles represented at Alexander Field. Mills is anxious to run against a motorcycle for 50 yards while Clyde Gilbert will race over the 100 yards against some of the local cars.

A. Marmon and a Haynes car have already been entered for the race and an Excelsior motorcycle will also be sent against the speedy underpans stars. It is expected that other cars will enter the special event. The Y. M. C. A. meet will begin at 1:30 and the special automobile test against the sprinters will begin at 3 o'clock. Admission will be free to all of the events. Can the sprinter beat the automobile? It will be decided tomorrow.

T. G. Tanton reports to the police that he was assaulted about 4 o'clock this morning on Liliha street near Kukui street by two strange Hawaiian men. They struck him from behind and ran away.

RAYMOND BECOMES HEATED BEFORE PROBE ON MARKET

Maui Cattle Shipper Objects to His Business Being Considered in Investigation

Dr. J. H. Raymond, cattle shipper of Maui, appeared before the senate ways and means committee this morning in a hearing over the territorial market that savored at times of the dramatic and the fiery.

Raymond told the senators at the close of the meeting, rising to conclude his argument, that they could legislate as they saw fit; they could legislate the market out of existence and that he would still be able to sell his beef in Honolulu. He objected to having the Raymond ranch brought in as argument, however.

The doctor led up to his final statement with a series of questions directed at Superintendent A. T. Longley of the marketing division, which brought from the superintendent statements that business had increased more than 100 per cent since meat from the Raymond ranch had been assigned to the market, and that the ranch should be kept on the list for the best interests of the small shipper as well.

Raymond said he well knows the ranch is building up a business that will cut its own throat—making a Frankenstein out of itself as he put it, by helping the rival producer to a better trade.

DISCUSS VALUE OF HYDROGRAPHY

Just how heavily the territory should go into hydrographic work by the appropriation of money to that division was discussed pro and con at a meeting of the senate ways and means committee this morning.

Senator Shingle took the stand that much of the work of the division in studying water questions could be eliminated. He thought there has been too much theoretical work in cut-of-the-way districts not likely to be of value for years.

Superintendent George K. Harrison argued that the work should be carried out on a general scale for a period of 15 years or so in order to determine the water situation on a broad and true standard. One year or two years was not enough, he argued. Attorney General A. G. Smith was with Harrison on the value of water study to the territory, especially with reference to big water and land areas.

ARMY CLERKS CANNOT JOIN NATIONAL GUARD

According to an order received today at army headquarters from the secretary of war, it is held that army field clerks and field clerks in the quartermaster's corps, being in military service and having military status, are exempt under provisions of section 59, national defense act, from militia duty and their enlistment in the National Guard would be incompatible with their status in active military service of the United States and therefore illegal.

Market Quiet, Little Change

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET TODAY

Following are the closing prices of stocks on the New York market today, sent by the Associated Press over the Federal Wireless:

	Today	Yesterday
Alaska Gold	9 1/4	8 7/8
American Smelter	104 1/2	104 1/2
American Sugar Rfg.	112 1/2	113 1/2
American Tel. & Tel.	126 1/2	127 1/2
Anacosta Copper	105 1/2	105 1/2
Atchafalpa	104 1/2	104 1/2
Baldwin Loco.	90 1/2	90 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	90 1/2	79 3/4
Bethlehem Steel	b 1/2	a 13 1/2
Calif. Petroleum	23 3/4	24 1/2
Canadian Pacific	103 1/2	104
C. & N. St. P. (St. Paul)	83 1/2	83 1/2
Colo. Fuel & Iron	52 1/2	51 1/2
Crescent Steel	105 1/2	105 1/2
Erle Copper	104 1/2	104 1/2
General Electric	105 1/2	105 1/2
General Motors, New	115 1/2	119 1/2
Great Northern Pfd.	115 1/2	115 1/2
Inter. Harv. N. Y.	119 1/2	119 1/2
Kennecott Copper	45 1/2	46
Lehigh R. R.	59 1/2	59 1/2
New York Central	98 1/2	98 1/2
Pennsylvania	53 1/2	53 1/2
Raymond	105 1/2	105 1/2
Reading Common	99 1/2	99 1/2
Southern Pacific	90 1/2	90 1/2
Standard Oil	101 1/2	103
Texas Oil	101 1/2	102 1/2
Union Pacific	141	145 1/2
U. S. Steel	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. Steel Pfd.	110 1/2	110 1/2
Western Union	88	97 1/2
Westinghouse	52 1/2	53
Wheat	1.85 1/2	1.97 1/2

*Bid. *Offer. *Unquoted. *Asked. *Bid.

FOOD SHORTAGE HELPED TO HURRY RUSSIAN REVOLT

Resident of Petrograd for 15 Years, Now Returning, Gives Interesting Sidelights

Russia received many proposals of a separate peace with Germany; the revolution in the late czar's land had all been planned but was not scheduled to take place until after the war; the late czar or some other may resume the throne before the situation is settled but never as an absolute monarch.

These are a few of many intensely interesting sidelights shed by F. M. Corse of 15 years' residence in Russia and now here on the stirring conditions of the great empire to the west which has so recently deposed Emperor Nicholas and begun an absolutely new form of government and freedom.

Corse is not leaving Russia; he is going back. With Mrs. Corse he is at the Royal Hawaiian hotel absorbing a little Hawaiian spring sunshine and although he thoroughly enjoys his visit here it is one of the regrets of his life that he missed Russia's revolution. Miss May Potter, Mrs. Corse's sister, is with the couple.

"I have been in Petrograd for 15 years with the New York Life Insurance Company and am now in charge of that company's interests there," says Corse. "This trip is my first away from there in eight years."

Saw Russo-Japanese War
Then with a slight trace of mock-bitterness tingling his voice he went on. "I was, of course, in the heat of all the excitement that surrounded events in the war between Russia and Japan and would not have missed it for anything. Then to think I went tramping off home to miss the biggest movement that ever occurred in Russia!"

Corse says, however, that he should have gone to New York a year or two ago to attend private interests there but that his trip was delayed by the advent of war. Finally when he did leave last November the plan was to go west across the Atlantic with the intention of making the jaunt to Honolulu the last leg around the world, but again fate intervened.

"We found it almost impossible and very dangerous to take passage west and quite easy and safe to go east across Siberia and take ship across the Pacific," Corse explains. "so that was the route we took, although we much preferred the other. You see I have been very unlucky, having missed a revolution and a trip around the world just for the war."

Food Shortage the Cause
The visitor from Russia points out that the true cause of the revolution was an acute shortage of food in Petrograd and Moscow in the face of plenty all over Russia. He declares that the failure of the railways under imperial management to distribute plentiful supplies in the two large cities speeded the crisis.

While the world generally marvels at the despatch and thoroughness with which the bloodless revolution was accomplished, Corse explains that it is not surprising when one appreciates that for the first time in decades the common people are united in thought and in action—the thought to fight

PRESIDENT AND CABINET CONFER FOR LAST TIME BEFORE CONGRESS MEETS

Ways and Means for Raising Money Discussed, Recommendations Considered and Executive Hears of Sentiment of Country, Preparatory to Writing His Message—More Defense for Panama Canal

(Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—Developments in military preparedness continue in the making. Orders were issued today calling out six additional batteries of the national guard of various states and their enrollment into the federal service. A further step taken along the lines of military activity was the issuance of orders for the strengthening of forces to guard the Panama Canal.

One of the first measures that will be taken up by the Congress which is to assemble next week, it is expected, will be the regular army appropriation bill which failed to pass at the last session. Chamberlain today stated that immediately upon the assembling of Congress he would seek prompt action from the senate on the measure.

President Wilson today held what is expected to be the last session of his cabinet preparatory to the completion of his message to Congress. Ways, means and plans for raising money were under discussion. At the cabinet session the president obtained last recommendations from his cabinet advisers and a full expression of what they were able to learn of the sentiment of the country. The preponderance of opinion is that the recommendation by the president to Congress will be for an absolute declaration of war.

Democrats Decide on Champ Clark

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—House Democrats today caucused on choice for speaker and Champ Clark was nominated with no show of opposition and by acclamation. The organization of the house remains a subject of anxiety with both parties and every nerve is being strained to secure its control.

Telephone Extension Ordered to Cease

NEW YORK, N. Y., March 30.—A temporary embargo has been placed on the extension of telephone service through the country. The order is to hold in reserve all facilities which may be needed for the government. This order has been given to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

MISSING COPPER SECOND READING WORRIES BOARD BUDGET TONIGHT

"The Mystery of the Missing Copper, or, Who's the Goat?"
This might be a title to apply fittingly to a resolution passed by the board of harbor commissioners at its meeting Thursday afternoon.

The board voted to have the attorney-general's department at once institute the necessary legal steps to recover either the copper stolen from territorial piers or file suit to obtain money to the value of the stolen metal.

Copper Was Aboard Ship
It developed it a hot discussion over the theft, that Commissioner McCarthy, in a visit paid by himself, Detective Capt. McDuffie and Detective Kullett to the Japanese junk man who bought the stolen copper from the negro who stole it, learned from the Japanese that the metal was being shipped to San Francisco on the Oceanic liner Sierra, leaving that night. This was on the day of January 30. The Sierra steamed at 11 o'clock that night.

Somebody Failed to Act
Through some slip-up the copper, McCarthy claims was not removed from the steamer before she sailed. "McDuffie was to cable to San Francisco and have it shipped back," he told the other commissioners at the meeting, "but I haven't heard any thing about it from that day to this."

Was Worth \$2000
The shipment leaving on the Sierra was valued, the discussion showed, at close to \$2000, and as the copper is or was the harbor board's property Commissioners McCarthy and Church both thought steps should be taken to recover it or the money value it represented. The resolution carried unanimously.

Cable Sent Too Late
Capt. McDuffie said at noon today that one of two shipments of the stolen copper had been intercepted here before it could be shipped away but that the big lot had been landed on the dock at San Francisco and dispatched before he could prevent it by cabling to the San Francisco police authorities or the steamship company.

AMERICANS ARE RETAINED
LONDON, Eng.—With the exception of three of the leading officials who were Americans, the staff of 24 formed under Ambassador Page to look after German interests in England, will be retained by the Swiss minister in London, who took over the protection of German affairs here when the United States broke off diplomatic relations with Germany.